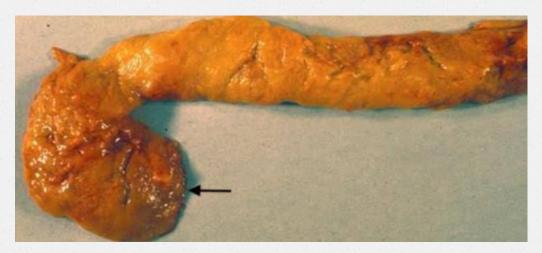
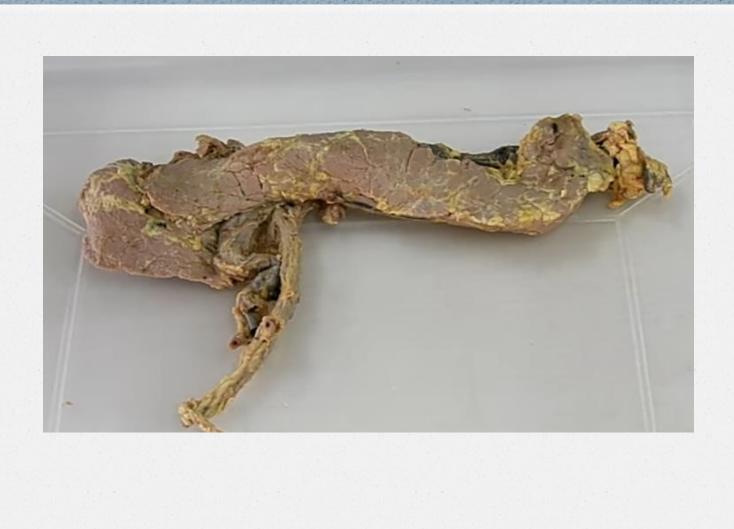
GROSS ANATOMY OF PANCREAS



- Length; 12 to 15 cm
- Thickness: 1 inch approx
- Shape: like a flate pear or fish extended across the abodomen





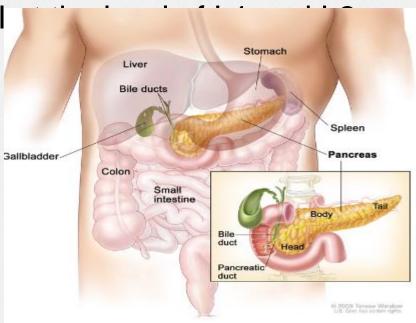


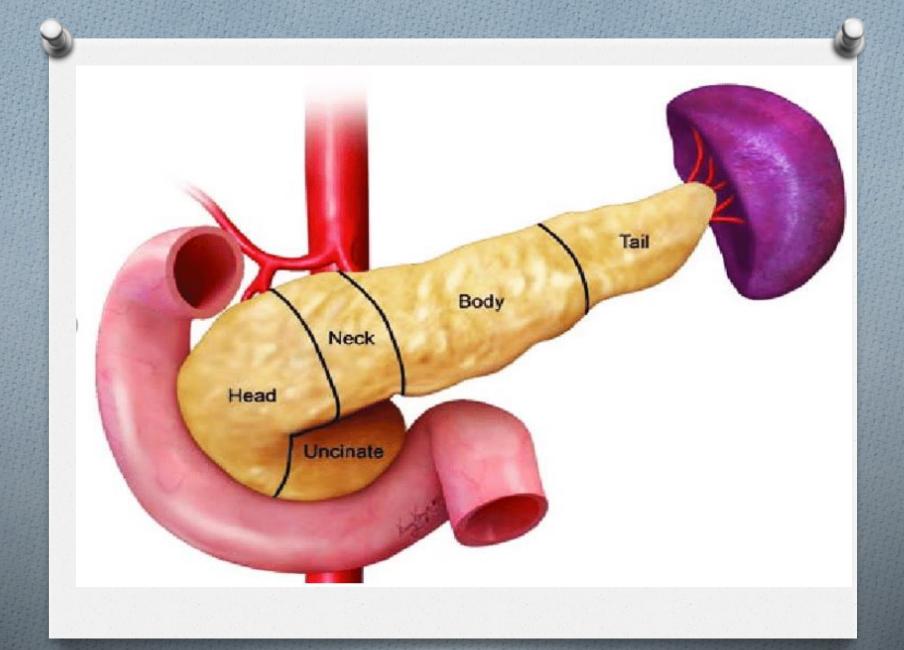
Epigastrium and left hypochondrium region

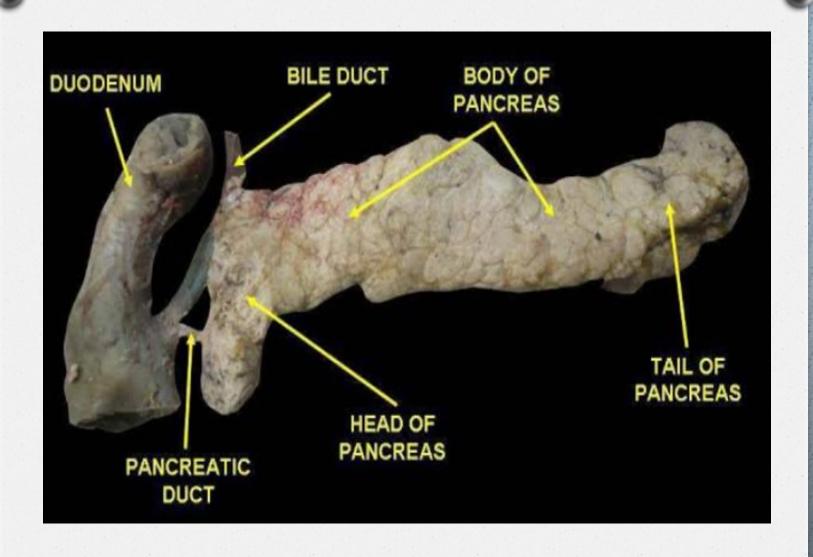
Behind the stomach and lesser sac

Transversely across the posterior

abodiminal wall

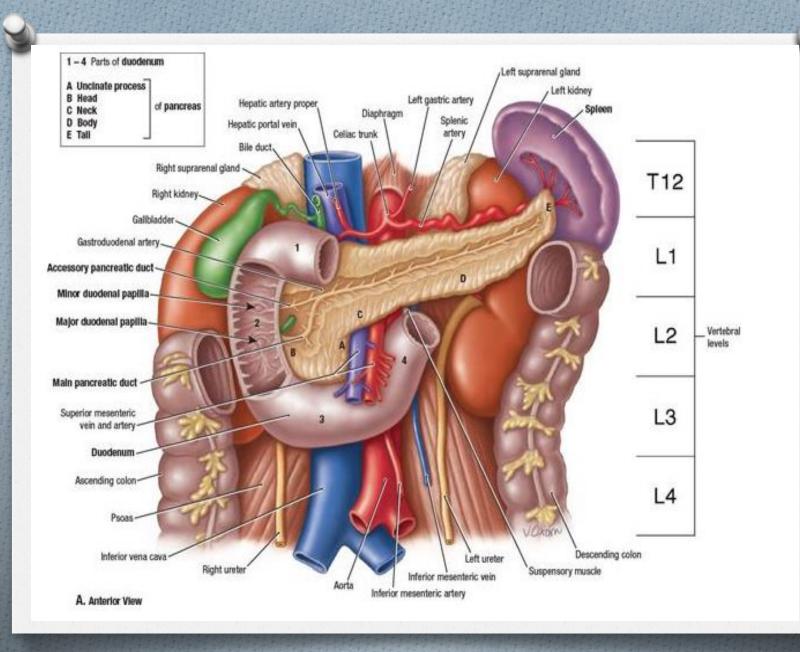






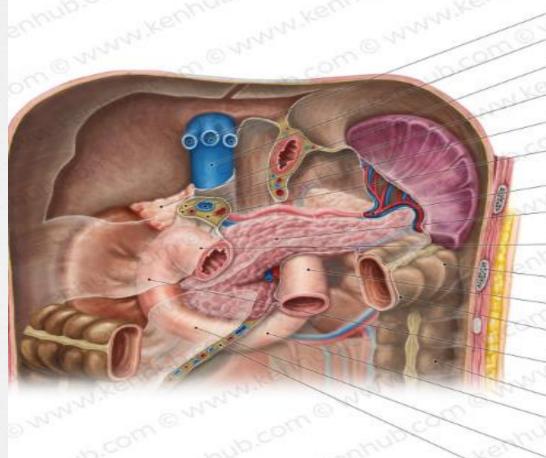
Relations:

- Head:
- Anteriorly from right to left:
 transverse colon
 attachment of transverse mesocolon
 lesser sac
 stomach



- Posteriorly from right to left :
- Bile duct
- Portal and splenic veins
- Inferior vena cava
- Aorta
- Origin of SMA
- Left psoas muscle
- Left suprarenal gland and kidney
- Hilum of spleen





Hepatic veins

Inferior vena cava

Right suprarenal gland

Hepatic duct

Hepatic portal vein

Hepatoduodenal ligament

Splenic artery

Pancreas

Superior part of duodenum

Left colic flexure

Jejunum

Transverse colon

Descending part of duodenum

Descending colon

Ascending part of duodenum

Horizontal part of duodenum

Root of mesentery

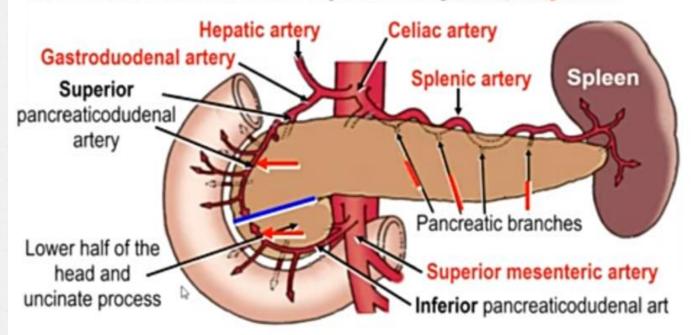




ARTERIAL SUPPLY

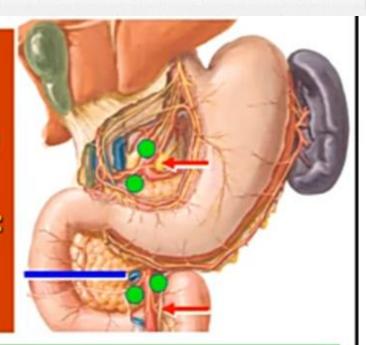
By celiac artery except the lower ½ of the head & the uncinate process:

- 1. Superior pancreaticoduodenal artery: upper ½ of the head
- 2. Inferior pancreaticoduodenal artery: lower ½ of the head & the uncinate process
- 3. Pancreatic branches of the splenic artery: neck, body & tail



NERVE SUPPLY

- Celiac plexus: all except the lower ½ of the head & the uncinate process
- 2. Superior mesenteric plexus: lower ½ of the head & the uncinate process

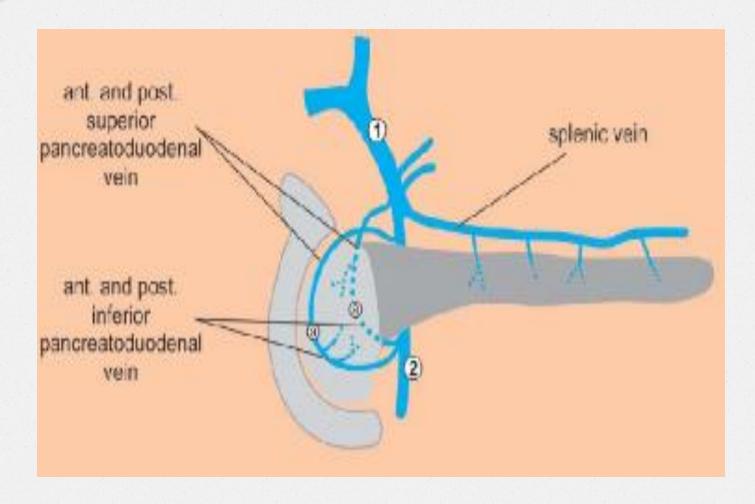


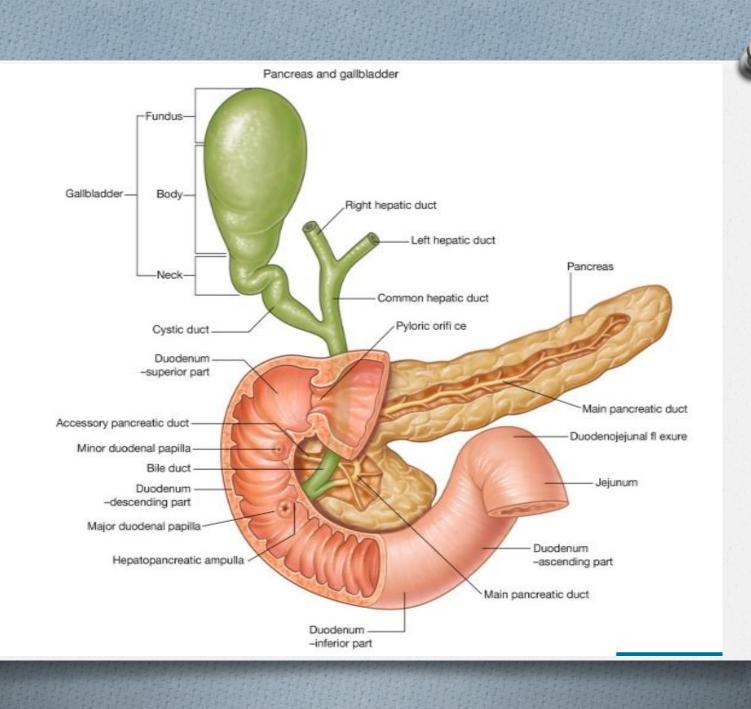
LYMPH DRAINAGE

- Upper ½ of the head, Neck, Body & Tail: celiac lymph nodes
- 2. Lower ½ of the head & Uncinate Process: superior mesenteric lymph nodes

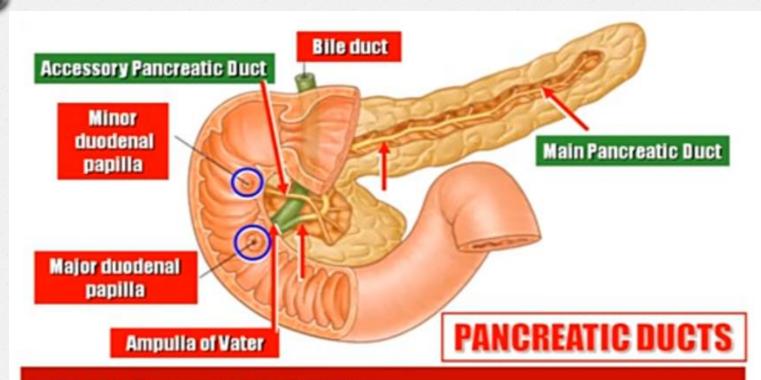












1. Main Pancreatic Duct:

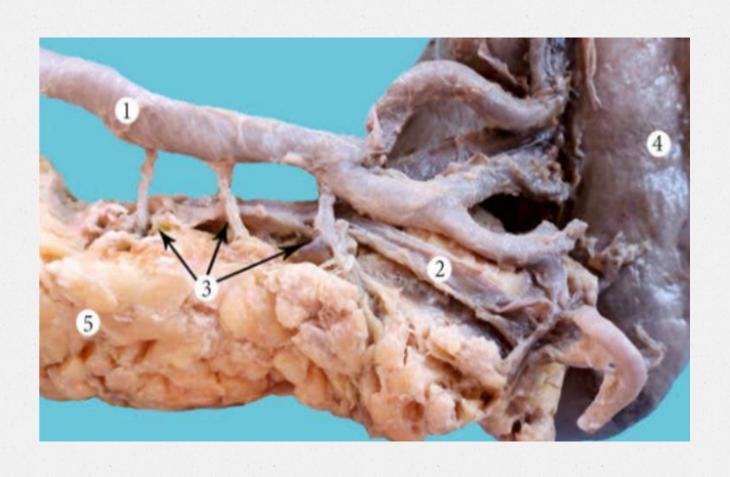
Fuses with the bile duct to form ampulla of Vater which opens in major duodenal papilla in the middle of the posteromedial surface of the 2nd part of the duodenum

2. Accessory Pancreatic Duct:

Arises in the head and opens in the minor duodenal papilla 1" above the main duct







Thank You:)